## 3 METHODS TO FINDING GGF

Problem: Find the GCF of 15 and 40

| Tree Mefrod | Factor Meftod | Ladder Meftiod |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compare the sets of numbers. Multiply the numbers they have in common together. In this case the GCF is 5 . | $\begin{array}{r} \text { factors of } 15- \\ 15=1 * 15 \\ 3 * 5 \end{array}$ <br> factors of 40 - $40=1 * 40$ $2 \text { * } 20$ $4 * 10$ $8 * 5$ $\begin{aligned} & 15-1,3,5,15 \\ & 40-1,2,4,5,8,10,20,40 \end{aligned}$ <br> The GCF is the largest factor the numbers have in common. In this case the GCF is 5 | 5  15 <br>  1 3 <br>  1 3 <br>  8  <br> (look at the numbers on the "outside steps" of the ladder and multiply) $\mathrm{GCF}=1 * 5=5$ |




I would greatly appreciate you taking a few more moments to leave me some constructive feedback on this product. I am constantly looking to improve each activity so that it can best serve you and your students!

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